What Is Claimed Is.

- 1. A protective layer which is relatively permeable for CO₂ and is relatively impermeable for SO₂ and has a gas-permeable carrier (10) made of a material which is resistant to sulfuric acid media such as SO₂ and SO₃, and it has a surface (8) which can be exposed to a gas and is provided with an oxidizing agent whose oxidation potential is sufficient to oxidize SO₂.
- 2. The protective layer according to Claim 1, wherein a nonvolatile oxidizing agent is used.
- 3. The protective layer according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein potassium permanganate is used as the oxidizing agent.
- 4. The protective layer according to one of Claims 1 through 3, wherein the carrier (10) is made of aluminum oxide.
- 5. The protective layer according to one of Claims 1 through 4, wherein the carrier (10) has at least one tube (6) whose inside wall (8) is provided with the oxidizing agent.
- 6. The protective layer according/to Claim 5, wherein the carrier (10) is designed as a block composed of a plurality of axially parallel cylindrical tubes (6) aligned side by side.
- 7. The protective layer according to Claim 5 or 6, wherein the tubes (6) are designed as round cylinders.
- 8. The protective layer according to Claim 5, wherein the carrier (10)/is designed as a block composed of several tubes (6) arranged side by side in radial alignment relative to a straight line or a point (11).
- 9. The protective layer according to Claim 8, wherein the tubes (6) have a cross section which tapers toward the straight line or the point NY01 398941 v 1

(11).

- 10. The protective layer according to 1 of Claims 1 through 4, wherein the carrier (10) has at least one grid (12) composed of intersecting grid rods (13), the grid rods (13) being provided with oxidizing agent.
- 11. The protective layer according to Claim 10, wherein the carrier (10) is designed as a block composed of several grids (12) stacked one above the other.
- 12. A CO₂ sensor, in particular for a smoke detector, wherein the CO₂ sensor (4) is provided with a protective layer (7) according to one of the preceding claims, thus separating the CO₂ sensor (4) from a room (1) to be monitored for CO₂ content.